

ZACRAL, A.

Shortcomings which prevent us from achieving a complex mechanization of earthwork.

P. 114 (Mechanisace) Vol 4, No. 4, April 1957, Czechoslovakia

SO: MONTHLY INDEX OF EAST EUROPEAN ACCESSIONS (EEAI) LG. - VOL. 7, NO. 1, JAN. 1958

ZAORAL, A.

ZAORAL, A. Organizing units of workers for mechanized earthwork. p. 101

Vol. 4, no. 3, Mar. 1956

POZEMNI STAVBY

TECHNOLOGY

Praha, Czechoslovakia

So: East European Accession Vol. 6, No. 2, 1957

ZACRAL, B.

New pay-scale revision for railroads. p. 278.
ZELEZNICE, Prague, Vol. 4, no. 11, Nov. 1954.

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 5, No. 6,
June 1956, Uncl.

Some problems of houses for settlement of the plan. p. 60.
ZEMSKYKAR. (Ministerstvo dopravy), Praha. Vol. 6, No. 3,
Mar. 1956.

SOURCE: East European Accessions List. (EEAL)
Library of Congress Vol. 5, No. 12,
December 1956.

ZAORAL, J.

"Mechanization in the shoe industry."

KOZARSTVI, Praha, Czechoslovakia, Vol. 9, No. 3, March 1959.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 9, September 1959.

Unclassified.

ZADRAL, J.

"A last for the automation of shoe production."

p. 147 (Kozarstvi) Vol. 6, no. 8, Aug. 1956
Prague, Czechoslovakia

SO: Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC. Vol. 7, no. 4,
April 1958

CA

Terpenes. XIII. The composition of oil of carrot (*Daucus carota*). P. Šorm, M. Zaoral, J. Arient, J. Pliva and V. Herout (Central Chem. Research Inst., Prague). *Collection Czech. Chem. Commun.* 16, 47-56(1951); cf. *C.A.* 46, 474h. Oil of carrot, d_4^{20} 0.8385, n_D^{20} 1.4635, $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ -17.5°, of Dutch origin, was fractionated by means of a 40 theoretical-plate column and the fractions obtained subjected to repeated chromatographic sepn. Its qual. compn, as detd. by infrared examn. and the prepn. of various derivs, showed that carotol was the principal component of the oil; α - and probably β -pinene, dipentene, β -cymene, carvone, geranyl acetate, β -caryophyllene, bergamotene, and bisabolene were other components; a sesquiterpene aldehyde, $C_{15}H_{24}O$, was also isolated. The highest-boiling fractions contained a mixt. of diterpene hydrocarbons and daucol. W. M. Potts

SOEM, F.; ZAORAL, M.; HEROUT, V.

On terpenes. Part 38. On the constitution of natural bisabolol and bisabolol monoxide from matricaria oil [with summary in English].
Sbor.Chekh.khim.rab. 18 no.1:116-121 F '53. (MLRA 7:6)

1. Central Chemical Research Institute, Prague.
(Bisabolol) (Matricaria oil)

HEROUT, V.; ZAORAL, M.; SORM, F.

On terpenes. Part 39. Synthesis of two tetrahydrobisabolols [with summary in English]. Sbor.Chem.khim.rab. 18 no.1:122-126 F '53. (MLRA 7:6)

1. Central Chemical Research Institute, Prague.
(Bisabolol) (Matricaria oil)

Amide acids and peptides. VIII. Peptides of 2,4-di-
aminobutyric acid. ~~Anton Zeman, Josef Rudinger, and~~
~~Frantisek Svoboda (Czechoslovakia, Prague). Collection~~
~~of Czechoslovak Scientists, 1960 (in Russian). No.~~
~~127, 1960. 1 p. 1705. 1 p.~~
This summary, 615-211000. See C.A.B. 60, 1705. 1 p.
Constitution of phalloidin. 2. ~~British Museum, Natural~~
~~History, and Prantice, 1960. 19. 100-60(1954) in~~
~~the literature. See C.A.B. 49, 1941. 11. 1. 11.~~

C Z E C H

Amino acids and peptides. VIII. Peptides of 2,4-diaminobutyric acid. Jinai Zsuzs., José Butinger, and Antal S. (Szech. Akad. Vid. Pénztar, Czech.). Chem.

1. $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_2$ (C₁₀H₁₂O₂) (I) (m.p. 148°) was obtained in this manner. The compound is soluble in several petroleum and ether solvents. $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_2$ (I) (m.p. 148°) was obtained in this manner. The compound is soluble in several petroleum and ether solvents. $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_2$ (I) (m.p. 148°) was obtained in this manner. The compound is soluble in several petroleum and ether solvents.

added dropwise to $H_2NCH_2CO_2Et$ in $CHCl_3$, the mixt. let stand overnight, the solvents distd. off at 40° in vacuo, the residue dissolved in $AcOEt$, the soln. washed 3 times with HCl (1-N 3 times with a satd. soln. of Na_2CO_3 and finally twice with 10% Na_2CO_3 soln., dried, and the solvent removed, the residue (15.5 g.) from a 100% yield of $H_2NCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (I) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) obtained (75%) by heating 0.1 g. of $H_2NCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (I) with 10% $NaOH$ soln. at 100° for 1 hr. V_{max} (KBr) 3400 (NH), 1650 (amide) cm^{-1} . V_{max} (film) 3400 (NH), 1650 (amide) cm^{-1} . n_D^{20} 1.447. d_4^{20} 1.024. η_{inh}^{25} 0.37 (in $CHCl_3$) with a 0.5% soln. prepd. by dissolving 0.5 g. of I in 10 ml. $CHCl_3$. The $nHCl$ salt removed by Et $_3$ N, the iodine prepd. from the aq. layer at Ph. 5, the IO_3^- ions removed with H_2S , and the soln. evapd. several times to dryness yielded 194 mg. (88.2%) $H-L-NH-CH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (II) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) and $L-BuCH(NH_2)CO_2Et$ (from 1 g. of EtOII). II (1.8 g.) and $L-BuCH(NH_2)CO_2Et$ (from 1 g. of the HCl salt) gave by the azide method 1.95 g. (82%) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (III) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) prepd. by the anhydride method by treating at -5° 2 g. of II in 20 ml. $CHCl_3$, 0.9 g. III, and 0.5 g. $MeNCuH_3$ with a $CHCl_3$ soln. of $L-BuCH(NH_2)CO_2Et$ (from 1 g. HCl salt), letting the mixt. stand 14 hrs., and evapg. it in vacuo to give 1.05 g. (40%) VII, m. 103° ; the free acid, m. 155° (from aq. EtOH), treated with III, gave 84% $L-H-NH-CH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (IV) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) [diacetylate, m. $225-7^\circ$ (from H_2O)] $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (V) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (VI) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) (from an $LiOH$ prepd. by $LiAlH_4$) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (VII) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (VIII) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (IX) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (X) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XI) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XII) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XIII) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XIV) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XV) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XVI) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XVII) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XVIII) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XIX) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XX) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XXI) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XXII) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XXIII) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XXIV) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XXV) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XXVI) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XXVII) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XXVIII) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XXIX) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XXX) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XXXI) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XXXII) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XXXIII) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XXXIV) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XXXV) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XXXVI) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XXXVII) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XXXVIII) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XXXIX) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XL) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XLI) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XLII) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XLIII) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XLIV) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XLV) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XLVI) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XLVII) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XLVIII) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (XLIX) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (L) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (LI) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (LII) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (LIII) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (LIV) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (LV) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (LVI) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (LVII) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (LVIII) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (LVIX) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH_2CH_2CH_2NHCO_2CH_2CH_3$ (LX) (b.p. $100-101^\circ/1$ mm.) $L-NHCH$

Dehydrohalogenation of halo compounds on collected
alkaline aluminum oxide. J. Zarecki (Prague, Acad. V&E
Prague, Czech) (Chem. Listy 47: 1572-4(1953)). During
the passage through a chromatographic column filled with
alk. Al_2O_3 (activity I), dehydrohalogenation of some halo-
gen deriva., especially the tertiary halides, was observed.

Hydrohalides of terpenes yielded the original unsatd.
hydrocarbons (yield 60-80%): limonene (from tri-
hydrochloride), 80, 0.8783, 1.4811; cedrene (from dihydro-
chloride), 81, 0.9173, 1.5017; isocymptolene (from dihydro-
chloride), 77, 0.9150, 1.5040; cedrene (from hydrochloride),
83, 1.8282, 1.4950. PhCH_2Br yielded 75% $(\text{PhCH}_2)_2\text{O}$,
82, 1.9100, 1.5463; $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{Br}$ gave $(\text{C}_6\text{H}_5)_2\text{O}$, 68, m.
37°.

M. Hudlický

ZAGRAV, M.

CZECH

Crystalline antihistaminic L-proline. M. Zagral (Czech)
 Appl. v.61, Prague, Czech. Chem. List 48, 1633 (1951).
 Treating 5 g. L-proline (mp. -53°) dissolved in 44 ml.
 of NaOH with 3.1 g. $\text{ClCO}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Ph}$ and 40 ml. of NaOH
 alternately, extg. the soln. with Et_2O , acidifying the ext.
 layer, extg. the carbobenzoxy-L-proline (I) with Et_2O , wash-
 ing the ext. with H_2O , drying with Na_2SO_4 , distg. off the
 Et_2O , drying the residue azeotropically with C_6H_6 at 50°,
 and mixing the residue with Et_2O gave, after standing
 several hrs. in an ice-box, cryst. 1 (7.2 g. after crystn. from
 Ac_2O :petr. ether). An addnl. 0.5 g. was obtained from
 the mother liquors. Total yield 74%, m. 76-77°, [α]_D²⁰
 -43.5°. Hydrogenation over Pd-C gave L-proline, [α]_D²⁰
 -85.1°. M. Hunkler

Zacral, Milan

Syntheses in the present work. III. An alternative synthesis of 2-azayechin¹: Josef Stadler, Jan Hensch, and Milan Zeman (Czechoslovak Republic). Chem. Listy, Prague, 60(1), 89 (1966) (C.A. 59, 10174). — 2-Aryl-S-benzoyl-L-cysteine (I) and L-cysteinyl-L-homocysteine-L-asparagine (II) were obtained in 45% yield by coupling in HCONMe₂ of 2-arylcysteine-L-homocysteine-L-asparagine (III) with 2-aryl-S-benzoyl-L-homocysteine-L-asparagine (IV) as the peptide, prepared by treating 2-aryl-L-hydroxy acid with 10% NaHCO₃ in a mixt. of AcOH and 2N HCl at +12°. Reduction of I with Na in liquid NH₃ followed by oxidation with air yielded a product showing a typical oxytocic activity. A series of peptides was synthesized as follows: II was prepd. (I) by treating a soln. of 0.2 g. 2-aryl-S-benzoyl-L-cysteinyl-L-probiL-leucylglycinate (V) and 0.5 g. imbedononyl-L-homocysteine-L-asparagine (VI) in HCONMe₂ with 0.5 ml. (EtO)₂P(O)OAr at 18–24° for 4 days yielding 0.22 g. crystall. II; (II) from 0.4 g. MeOAr (I) by adding a soln. of 0.12 g. carbobenzoxy-L-homocysteine-L-asparagine (VII) and 0.2 g. 2-aryl-S-benzoyl-L-homocysteine-L-asparagine (VIII) to a soln. of 0.12 g. N-methylpyrrolidine in toluene, 1.28 ml. 10% soln. of ClCC-NAMert in toluene, and 0.05 g. Et₃N; (I) from 0.1 g. L-leucylglycinate (IX) in toluene and reacting the mixt. to Ar⁺, yielding 70 mg. IV. For preps. of III and V see (C.A. 59, 10174). — IV

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ZAORAL, M.; SORM, F.

The preparation and certain biological properties of L-DAB⁸ - vasopressin and D-DAB⁸ - vasopressin. Coll Cz Chem 30 no.2:611-612 F '65.

1. Institute of Organic Chemistry and Biochemistry of the Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences, Prague. Submitted November 20, 1964. 2. Advisory Board Chairman, "Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical Communications" (for Sorm).

ZAORAL, M.; PLISKA, V.; REZABEK, K.; SORM, F.

Synthesis of a highly effective analog of lysine-vasopressin.
Coll Cz Chem 28 no.3:746-747 Mr '63.

1. Institute of Organic Chemistry and Biochemistry, Czechoslovak
Academy of Sciences, Prague, and Research Institute for Pharmacy
and Biochemistry, Prague.

ZACRAL, M.; PLISKA, V.; REZABEK, K.; SORN, F.

Synthesis of two lysine-vasopressin analog with protracted hormonal activity. Coll Cz Chem 28 no.3:747-749-Mr 163.

1. Institute of Organic Chemistry and Biochemistry, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences, Prague, and Research Institute for Pharmacy and Biochemistry, Prague.

ZAORAL, M.

Definitive rules for the nomenclature of amino acids, steroids,
vitamins and carotenoids. Chem listy 57 no.1:51-56 Ja '63.

ZAORAL, M.; ARNOLD, Z.

N,N-dimethylchloroformiminium chloride as a reagent in peptide synthesis.
Coll Cz Chem 27 no.9:2252 S '62.

1. Institute of Organic Chemistry and Biochemistry, Czechoslovak
Academy of Sciences, Prague (for Zaoral).

ZAORAL, M.

Aminoacids and peptides. Part 36: Pivaloyl chloride as a reagent
in the mixed anhydride synthesis of peptides. Coll Cz Chem 27
no.5:1273-1277 My '62.

1. Institute of Organic Chemistry and Biochemistry, Czechoslovak
Academy of Sciences, Prague.

ZACRAL, M.; RUDINGER, J.

Amino acids and peptides. Part 31: Products formed from tosylglycine under conditions of a mixed carbon anhydride synthesis. Coll Cz Chem 26 no.9:2316-2332 '61.

1. Institute of Organic Chemistry and Biochemistry, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences, Prague.

(Amino acids) (Peptides)

RUDINGER, J.; PODUSKA, K.; ZAORAL, M.

Amino acids and peptides. XXIX. Synthesis of the lower homologues of L-arginine and L-citrulline. Coll Cz Chem 25 no.8:2022-2028
Ag '60. (EEAI 10:9)

1. Department of Organic Synthesis, Institute of Chemistry, Czechoslovak Academy of Science, Prague.

(Amino acids) (Peptides) (Arginine) (Citrulline)

RUDINGER, J.; KRUPICKA, J.; ZAORAL, M.; CERNIK, V.

Amino acids and peptides. XXX. Alkaline hydrolysis of the phthalimido group in phthalylamino acids and their derivatives; a polarographic study. Coll Cz Chem 25 no.12:3338-3343 D '60.

(EEAI 10:9)

1. Department of Organic Synthesis, Institute of Chemistry, Czechoslovak Academy of Science, Prague. 2. Present address: Faculty of Nuclear Physics, Charles University, Prague (for Cernik).

(Amino acids) (Peptides) (Phthalimide)
(Phthalyl amino acids) (Polarograph and polarography)

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

ZAORAL, M; SORM, F

Institute of Organic Chemistry and Biochemistry, Czechoslovak
Academy of Sciences, Prague - (for both)

Prague, Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical Communications,
No 1, January 1966, pp 310-314

"Amino acids and peptides. Part 60: Synthesis of d-dab⁸-vaso-
pressin."

ZAORAL, MILAN

CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Organic Chemistry - Naturally Occuring
Substances and Their Synthetic Analogs

E-3

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 2, 1957, 4571

Author : Zaoral Milan, Rudinger Josef

Title : Amino Acids and Peptides. XVII. Syntheses Pertaining
to Oxytocine. I. New Synthesis of the Amide of S-
Benzyl-L-Cysteinyl-L-Prolyl-L-Leucylglycine.

Orig Pub : Chem. listy, 1955, 49, No 5, 745-750

Abstract : For a total synthesis of oxytocine a method has been
worked out for the preparation of the amide of S-benzyl-
L-cysteinyl-L-prolyl-L-leucylglycine and some derivati-
ves of L-prolyl-L-leucine and L-prolyl-L-leucylglycine.
The procedure is simpler than that which has been des-
cribed before (see RZhKhim, 1955, 18883). The authors
started with the ethyl ester of carbobenzoxy-L-leucyl-
glycine (I), which was prepared from mixed anhydride
(2 g carbobenzoxy-L-leucine, 1.1 g $\text{ClCOOC}_4\text{H}_9$ -secondary

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Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 2, 1957, 4571

chloroform, -70° , 30 minutes) and chloride of carbobenzoxy-L-proline (from 1.5 g carbobenzoxy-L-proline and 1.3 g PCl_5) (stirred 30 minutes at 0°), yield 45%, MP $147-148^{\circ}$ (from ethyl acetate-petroleum ether), the product was not entirely pure. Amide of carbobenzoxy-L-prolyl-L-leucylglycine (V) from 1.9 g IV in 20 ml CH_3OH saturated with NH_3 at 0° (3 days at -20°), yield 98%, MP $162-163^{\circ}$ (alcohol-petroleum ether). Amide of L-prolyl-L-leucylglycine (VI) from the preceding: a) 3.2 g V in 30 ml ethanol with equivalent HCl (H_2 , Pd/C), HCl removed NH_3 in CHCl_3 . Yield of semihydrate 80%, MP $122-123^{\circ}$ (from water); b) from V and 15% solution of HBr in glacial CH_3COOH , 10 minutes, 60° , yield of hydrobromide 85%, MP $191-192^{\circ}$, R_F 0.55 (butanol-water- CH_3COOH). Amide of Carbobenzoxy-S-benzyl-L-cysteinyl-L-prolyl-L-leucylglycine (VII): a) from semihydrate of VI

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Substances and Their Synthetic Analogs

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Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 2, 1957, 4571

(4.5 g carbobenzoxy-L-proline, 2.5 g II and 2.1 g III in 10 ml chloroform) and ethyl ester of L-leucine 2.9 g in 5 ml CHCl_3 , yield 86%, MP 68-69° (from ethyl acetate-petroleum ether). Hydrazide of carbobenzoxy-L-prolyl-L-leucine (X) from IX (4 g in 10 ml CH_3OH) and $\text{N}_2\text{H}_4 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ (1 ml, 3 days, ~20°), yield 80%, MP 133-135° (from ethyl acetate-petroleum ether). Benzyl ester of carbobenzoxy-L-prolyl-L-leucylglycine from X (2 g in 20 ml 10% HCl under a layer of 30 ml ether) and NaNO_2 (400 mg in 3 ml water, 10 minutes stirring while cooling with ice-salt), ether solution added dropwise to benzyl ester of glycine (850 mg in 10 ml CHCl_3 , 12 hours, ~20°), yield 44%, MP 116-117° (from acetone-petroleum ether). Ethyl ester of tosyl-L-prolyl-L-leucylglycine: to hydrochloride of ethyl ester of L-leucylglycine in CHCl_3 (from 6 g I by hydrogenation)

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CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Organic Chemistry - Naturally Occuring
Substances and Their Synthetic Analogs

E-3

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001963810007-6"

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 2, 1957, 4571

added III (6.2 g, cooled with ice) and chloride of tosyl-L-proline in CHCl_3 from (5.2 g tosyl-L-proline and 3.7 g PCl_5) (stirring for 30 minutes at 0°). Residue left on evaporation is extracted with ethyl acetate, yield 77%, MP 145-146° (from ethyl acetate-petroleum ether).

Communication XVI, see RZhKhim, 1956, 36025.

Card 6/6

- 130 -

ZACRAL, MILAN

... of the ... I New synthesis of

CTM

6/25/74

ZAORAL, M.

ZAORAL, M. Synthetic studies in the oxytocin field. III. Alternative synthesis of oxytocin. In English. p. 202. Vol. 21, No. 1, Feb. 1956. SBORNIK CHEKOSLOVATSKIKH KHMICHESKIKH RABOT. COLLECTION OF CZECHOSLOVAK CHEMICAL COMMUNICATIONS. Praha, CZECHOSLOVAKIA.

SOURCE: EAST EUROPEAN ACCESSIONSLIST (EEAL) Vol. 6, No. 4, April 1957

ZAORAL, M.

ZAORAL, M. Syntheses in the field of oxytocin. II. Alternative synthesis of oxytocin. p. 288 Vol. 50 no 2 Feb. 1956 CHEMICK LISTY, PRAHA, CZECHOSLOVAKIA

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL) Vol. 6, No. 4, April 1957

MILAN

ZADAR

14

(From HBr). VI was also obtained by heating 10 g. V with 15 ml. 10% HBr in AcOH 10 min. at 60°, precip. the HBr salt with Et₂O, reprecip. it with Et₂O from the EtOH soln., and crystg. from EtOH-Et₂O gave 2.5 g. VI.HBr, m.p. 191-2°. Heating a mixt. obtained by adding the benzoyl ester (see HBr salt) of VI to CHCl₃ to a mixed anhydride formed from N-carboxy-L-tyrosyl-L-leucine (900 mg., C₁₈H₂₅N₃O₇, 2280 mg.) and L-tyc.HCl (770

mg.) in 100 ml. benzyl ester of glycine (10 ml. CHCl₃) gave, after 12 hrs. at room temp., 1.2 g. benzyl ester of N-carboxy-L-tyrosyl-L-leucylglycine, m.p. 110-117° (from Me₂CO-pet. ether). Adding under ice-cooling 8.5 g. L-tyc.HCl and tosyl-L-proline chloride (prepd. from 6.2 g. tosyl-L-proline and 0.7 g. CCl₄) in CHCl₃ to the H₂ ester of L-leucylglycine.HCl (prepd. by hydrogenation of 6 g. of the H₂ ester of carbobenzyloxyl-L-leucylglycine) in CHCl₃, stirring the mixt. 30 min., distill off the solvent, and exst.

by heating 10 min. at 60° and from 10% HBr in AcOH, precip. of the HBr salt with Et₂O, recryst. from EtOH-Et₂O

and 0.73, resp. H. Syntheses of L-cysteinyl-L-tyrosylglycine, L-cysteinyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucine, and L-cysteinyl-L-leucylglycine derivatives.

3. *Leucylglycine (VII). HBr salt*. decomps. above 120°. *Leucylglycine* immediately decomps. H₂O. Adding 20 g. of the H₂ ester of leucine to 5 ml. CHCl₃ to a mixed anhydride

of L-tyc.HCl and L-leucine in 25 ml. 2N NaOH, adding 20 ml. Me₂CO, and simultaneously, with cooling and stirring, a soln. of 20 g. p-MeC₆H₄SO₂Cl in 60 ml. Me₂CO and 25 ml. 4N NaOH, stirring the mixt. 1 hr., reextracting the mixt. with the Me₂CO in *vacuo* and acidifying the mixt. with

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ZAORAL, M; RUDINGER, J.

Synthesis in the field of oxytocin. I. New synthesis of S-benzyl-L-cysteinyl-L-prolyl-L-leucyl-glycinamides, p. 745.

CHECMICKE LISTY (Cheskoslovenska akademik ved. Ceskaslovenska spolcennost chemicks) Praha, Czechoslovakia., Vol. 49, no. 5, May 1955

Monthly List of East European Accessions EEAI LC, Vol. 9, no. 1, Jan 1960
Uncla.

ZAORALEK, A.; KVETENSKY, J.

Experiences with our modification of Menghini's needle in
needle biopsy of the liver. Cesk. gastroent. vyz. 19 no.5:
322-323 J1 '65.

1. Laboratorni oddeleni (vedouci MUDr. A. Zaoralek) a interni
oddeleni (vedouci MUDr. J. Kvetensky) vojenske nemocnice v
Ruzomberku.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

UDC

612.766.1:616-074

ZAORALEK, A.; KVETENSKY, J.; KLUŠT, V.; HLAUCO, S.; DOSTALOVA, M.;
Laboratory Department (Laboratorni Oddeleni), Head (Vedouci) Dr. A. ZAORALEK;
Internal Department (Vnitřni Oddeleni) Head (Vedouci) Dr. J. KVETENSKY; Depart-
ment of Medical Aspects of Sports (Sportovne Lekarske Oddeleni) Head (Vedouci)
Dr. V. KLUŠT; Psychiatric Department (Psychiatricke Oddeleni) Head (Vedouci)
Dr. S. HLAUCO, Military Hospital (Vojenske Nemocnice) of the Slovak National
Uprising (SNP), Ruzomberok.

"Some Hematological and Biochemical Symptoms Caused by Excessive Exertion"

Prague, Vojenske Zdravotnicke Listy, Vol 35, No 4, Aug 66, pp 152-155

Abstract: Influence of a march of 100 km on 12 healthy subjects was in-
vestigated; the absolute number of neutrophil granulocytes increased, and
of eosinophils decreased. Non-segmented neutrophils and Rieder's form of
lymphocytes increased, blood level of EPA, cholesterol, and the beta
fraction of blood proteins decreased. The level of ionorganic P and the
activity of serum transaminases increased. 5 Figures, 57 references [not
specified].

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001963810007-6

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

UDC: 612.766.1:612.014.4.9

KVETENSKY, Josef, LtCol, MD; KLUŠT, Vaclav, LtCol, MD; ZAORALEK, Alois, LtCol, MD;
VLCEK, Lubos, MD; HLAUCO, Stanislav, Maj, MD; RUBES, Vaclav

"Effects of a 100-Kilometer Nonstop March on the Human Organism."

Prague, Vojenske Zdravotnicke Listy, Vol 35, No 5, Oct 66, pp 194-197

Abstract [Czech, Russian and English summaries, modified]: A brief preliminary
evaluation of some changes in the organisms of persons after a 100-km nonstop
march. Although in most cases the changes were insignificant, such a march is
fatiguing; only physically fit persons should be allowed to participate; check-
ups and medical supervision during the march should be mandatory. A tabulated
statistical evaluation is presented of the before-and-after dynamometric measure-
ments, vital capacity, blood pressure and pulse rate. Seven Soviet-bloc refs.

1/1

~~FRANTISEK~~ ZADRAZIL, FRANTISEK

CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Chemical Technology - Chemical Products and
Their Application. Part 1. - Safety and Sanitation
Techniques.

H-6

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 7, 1958, 21913

Author : Josef Zdrasil, Frantisek Picha, Frantisek Zaoralek

Inst : -

Title : To the Question of Sanitation Problems in Sulfuric Acid
Manufacturing.

Orig Pub : Pracovni lekar., 1956, 8, No 1, 11-15

Abstract : At investigations carried out in a Czechoslovakian H_2SO_4
factory, no raised concentration of SO_2 were detected
in the air in work premises as a rule; the personnel
working in places with a raised SO_2 content in the air
is employed only during short periods (equipment repair,
putting the equipment into action after repair). Nitro-
gen and As oxides were detected in the air in concentra-
tions below the permissible as a limit, but As was

Card 1/2

CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Chemical Technology - Chemical Products and
Their Application, Part 1. - Safety and Sanitation
Techniques.

H-6

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 7, 1958, 21913

detected in the urine of workers in the duration of 2 days
(112 to 150 μ per lit) after the cleaning of dust channels,
electrostatic chambers and filters and after the transpor-
tation of pyrite slops. A high content of Fe_2O_3 dust
(2.275 to 4.4 mg per lit) was detected in the air. It is
recommended to wear respiratory protecting devices at the
repair of equipment, to use special carts for the transpor-
tation of carboys with HNO_3 , as well as to arrange mechan-
ization and hermetical sealing of dust producing equipment.
Bibliography with 6 titles.

Card 2/2

2. HORN, F. E.
 Impregnation of wood with calcium thioarsenate. P.
 Polunin, J. Roubal, V. Sedláček, V. Votava, and B. Zeman.
 (Czechoslovakia, Prague). *Chemical Abstr.* 1965:1401
 abstract, internal, 6, 236-44 (1965). A 3% aq. soln. of
 Ca thioarsenate (I) as well as aq. ext. of wood impregnated
 with I produced severe inflammation of the skin of dogs
 and rabbits leading to surface necrosis. Approx. 10-36
 hrs. after the application of 0.2 ml. of a 3% soln. of I to the
 skin the dogs excreted 1.2-4.15 mg. As per L of urine. Hy-
 steric aspects of the technological process of wood im-
 pregnation are discussed and preventive measures are
 suggested.
 L. J. Uchanski.

TOMASZEWSKA, Hanna; ZAORSKA, Barbara

On familial dwarfism in the light of our cases. Pol. tyg. lek.
19 no.21:783-785 18 Ny¹64

1. Z Oddziału Endokrynologii Instytutu Matki i Dziecka w War-
szawie; ordynator Oddziału: dr. med. H. Tomaszewaka.

MIGDALSKA, Barbara, TOMASZEWSKA, Hanna; ZAORSKA, Barbara

Metopiron test in children with gamilial dwarfism. Pol. tyg. lek.
19 no.25:944-946 15 Je'64

L. Z I Kliniki Chorob Wewnetrznych Studium Doksztalcenia
Lekarzy Akademii Medycznej w Warszawie (kierownik: prof. dr.
med. W. Hartwig) i z Oddzialu Endokrynologii Instytutu Matki
i Dziecka w Warszawie (ordynator Oddzialu: dr. med. H.Tomaszewski).

LEWENFISZ-WOJNAROWSKA, T.; KOLINSKA, M.; ZAORSKA, B.

Electrophoretic studies on serum and urine proteins in children with nephrotic syndromes. *Pediatr polska* 36 no.3:241-250 '61

1. Z II Kliniki Pediatricznej A.M. w Warszawie Kierownik: prof dr med. T. Lewenfisz-Wojnarowska i z Zakladu Pediatrii Studium Doskonalszenia Lekarzy A.M. Kierownik: prof. dr med. T. Lewenfisz-Wojnarowska.

(NEPHROTIC SYNDROME in inf & child)
(BLOOD PROTEINS)

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 13 Vol 13/1 Dermatology Nov 59

2917. AN EPIDEMIC OF ERUPTIO VARICELLIFORMIS KAPOSI CAUSED BY VACCINIA VIRUS - Epidemia Eruptio varicelliformis Kaposi wywołana wirusem krowianki - Zaorska B. Oddz. Chor. Skórno-Wenerycznych dla Dzieci, Szpit. Miejskim Nr 2, Warszawa - OL. TYG. LEK. 1958, 13/52 (21:2-2118) Tables 2 Illus. 7

An institutional outbreak among 10 infants, aged 7-11 months, is described. The outbreak was initiated by admission of an infant in whom 'vaccinia inoculata' had previously been diagnosed. The course of the disease was severe, with vesicles remaining for 2 weeks. All cases were treated with antibiotics without satisfactory results. In addition, 3 children were treated with prednisone with unfavourable results. Two cases were fatal.

Anigstein - Galveston, Tex. (L, 7, 13)

ZAORSKA, Barbara (Warszawa, ul. Leszno 15)

Kaposi's varicelliform eruption; report on hospital epidemics. Pediat.
polska 33 no.4:455-462 Apr '58.

1. Ze Szpitala Miejskiego Nr 2 w Warszawie. Dyrektor: doc. dr med.
B. Michalowski.

(KAPOSI'S VARICELLIFORM ERUPTION, in inf. & child
hosp. epidemic (Pol))

ZAORSKA, Barbara (Warszawa, ul. Leszno 15.)

Epidermolysis bullosa hereditaria. Pediat. polska 33 no.8:963-969
Aug 58.

1. Z Oddz. skorno-wenerycznego Szpitala Miejskiego Nr 2 w Warszawie
Ordynator: dr med. B. Michalowski.
(EPIDERMOLYSIS BULLOSA, case reports
hered. (Pol))

ZAORSKA, Barbara (Warszawa, ul. Leszno 15.)

Epidemic of Kaposi's varicelliform eruption caused by vaccine virus.
Polski tygod. lek. 13 no.52:2112-2118 29 Dec 58.

1. (Z Oddziału chorób skorno-wenerycznych dla dzieci w Szpitalu Miejskim
Nr 2 Warszawie; ordynator: dr med. Bohdan Michalowski)

(KAPOSI'S VARICELLIFORM ERUPTION, etiol. & pathogen.
vaccinia virus causing institutional outbreak in child. (Pol))
(VACCINIA, compl.
Kaposi's varicelliform eruption, institutional outbreak in
child. (Pol))

LAWR/NOWICZ, Romuald; IWANOWSKA, Teresa; ZAORSKA, Barbara

Trial of evaluation of the function of the liver in children with
eczema. *Pediatr.polska* 34 no.12:1509-1518 D '59.

1. Z Oddziału Dziecięcego Skorno-Wenerycznego Szpitala Miejskiego
nr 2. Ordynator: prof.dr med. B. Michalowski 1 z Pracowni Anali-
tycznej Szpitala Miejskiego nr 2. Kierownik: dr R. Lawrynowicz.

(LIVER FUNCTION TESTS)

(ECZEMA in infancy & childhood)

LEWENFISZ-WOJNAROWSKA, Teofila; KUBICKA, Krystyna; ZAORSKA, Barbara

Dermatomyositis in children according to own observations. *Pediat. polska* 35 no.2:137-150 P '60.

1. Z II Kliniki Pediatricznej A.M. w Warszawie. Kierownik: prof. dr.med. M. Michalewicz. Zastępca Kierownika: prof.dr.med. T. Lewenfisz-Wojnarowska.

(DERMATOMYOSITIS in inf.& child.)

LEWENFISZ-WOJNAROWSKA, Teofila; ZAORSKA, Barbara

Determination of rheumatic processes in children according to
trafuryl test results. *Pediatr.polska* 35 no.11:1289-1296 N '60.

1. Z Zakładu Pediatrii Studium Doskonalenia Lekarzy A.M. i z
II Kliniki Pediatrycznej A.M. w Warszawie, Kierownik: prof.dr
med. T.Lewenfisz-Wojnarowska.

(RHEUMATIC FEVER diag)

(FURANS pharmacol)

(NICOTINIC ACID rel cpds)

KAPUSCINSKA-CZERSKA, Wanda; ZAORSKA, Barbara

A case of encephalitis and myocarditis of unknown etiology.
Pediat.polska 35 no.12:1451-1455 D '60.

1. Z II Kliniki Pediatricznej A.M. w Warszawie, Kierownik: prof.
dr med. T.Lewenfisz-Wojnarowska.
(ENCEPHALITIS in inf & child)
(MYOCARDITIS in inf & child)

LEWENFISZ-WOJNAROWSKA, Teofila; KRUZE, Danuta; SZUKALSKI, Bogdan;
ZAORSKA, Barbara

A combined column-paper chromatographic method in the study of urinary amino acids in children with nephrosis. Polski tygod. lek. 16 no.31: 1181-1185 31 J1 '61.

1. Z Zakladu Chemii Ogolnej A.M. w Warszawie; kierownik: prof. dr P. Wierzchowski i II Kliniki Pediatrycznej A.M. w Warszawie; kierownik: prof. dr med. T. Lewenfisz-Wojnarowska.

(AMINO ACIDS urine) (NEPHROSIS urine)

LEWENFISZ-WOJNAROWSKA, T.; ZAORSKA, B.; GULMANTOWICZ, A.; PIŁCZARSKA, E.

Immuno-electrophoretic examination of the blood serum and urine from child with nephrosis. *Pediat. pol.* 36 no.11:1129-1138 N '61.

1. Z II Kliniki Pediatricznej Lekarzy AM w Warszawie z Zakładu
Podiatrii Studium Doskonalenia Lekarzy AM w Warszawie Kierownik:
prof. dr med. T. Lewenfisz-Wojnarowska i z Zakładu Serologii Instytutu
Hematologii w Warszawie Kierownik: dr med. S. Dubiski.
(NEPHROSIS in inf & child) (ELECTROPHORESIS)
(BLOOD PROTEINS) (PROTEINS)

ZAORSKA, Barbara; WOCJAN, Juliusz

A case of precocious puberty caused by glioma of the optic chiasm
in a 9-year-old boy. Pol. tyg. lek. 17 no.1:23-26 1 Ja '62.

1. Z Zakladu Pediatrii Studium Doskonalenia Lekarzy AM; kierownik:
prof. dr med. T. Lewenfisz-Wojnarowska i z Kliniki Neurochirurgii
AM w Warszawie; kierownik: prof. dr med. J. Chorobski.
(GLIOMA in inf & child) (OPTIC NERVE neopl)
(PUBERTY PRECOCIOUS etiol)

MIGDALSKA, Barbara; ZAORSKA, Barbara

Adrenal function tests in obese children. Pol. tyg. lek. 17 no.40:
1542-1545 1 0 '62.

1. Z I Kliniki Chorob Wewnetrznych Studium Doskonalenia Lekarzy AM w
Warszawie, kierownik: prof. dr med. W. Hartwig i z Pododdzialu
Endokrynologii Kliniki Neurologii Instytutu Matki i Dziecka; kierownik:
dr med. H. Tomaszewska. Dyrektor Instytutu Matki i Dziecka: prof. dr
med. B. Gornicki.
(OBESITY) (ADRENAL CORTEX FUNCTION TESTS)

ZAORSKA, Barbara

Warsaw, Studia Zdrojowe, vol XIV, No 19 (1963), 6 May 1962.

1. "Public Health Meetings," Anna SZCZEPANOWICZ, pp. 1, 2.
2. "To Each According to His Needs - In Health Care," Dr. Boguslaw INDURSKI, p. 1.
3. "50 Years of Peace," unsigned; p. 1.
4. "The Warsaw Plant Trade," signed SZC; p. 1.
5. "Polish Red Cross Week," signed SZC, p. 1.
6. "Framed Charges in the Organization of the Health Service," signed GRZEC, p. 2.
7. "Local Problems in Medicine," unsigned; p. 2.
8. "Before the Fifth Congress of Professional Associations," signed SZC; p. 2.
9. "Doctors discuss a Project for a New Law on Health Insurance," signed SZC; p. 2.
10. "Cultural Maria GIERULSKA-DEMENTOWICZ," unsigned; p. 2.
11. "On the Eve of the Reform of Medical Studies," Prof. Dr. S. DEMENTOWICZ, p. 3.
12. "Dental Ambulance of the American Case Organization," unsigned; p. 3.
13. "Prof. Wladyslaw KURCZYNSKI, Member of the Polish Academy of Medicine," Studia Zdrojowe, p. 3.
14. "Participation in the Congress," Dr. Barbara ZAORSKA, from Lublin, Studia Zdrojowe, p. 3.
15. "Public Discussion on Medical Specialization," Dr. D. DEMENTOWICZ, Studia Zdrojowe, p. 4.
16. "The Chief Organizer of the Health Service," Dr. St. SAKOWSKI, p. 4.
17. "Tenth Anniversary of the Hospital for Accident and Injury," Studia Zdrojowe, p. 4.

- 1/2 -

ZAORSKA, Barbara

A case of Laurence-Moon-Bardet-Biedl syndrome in an 11-year-old boy. Endokr. pol. 14 no.2:207-212 '63.

1. II Klinika Pediatriczna AM w Warszawie Zaklad Pediatrii.
Studium Doskonalenia Lekarzy Kierownik: prof. dr T. Lewenstisz-
Wojnarowska.

(LAURENCE-MOON-BIEDL SYNDROME)

JABLONSKA, Stefania; LEWENFISZ-WOJNAROWSKA, Teofila; MILEWSKI, Boguslaw;
ZACRSKA, Barbara

Evaluation of changes in apparently normal skin in children with
rheumatic disease. Reumatologia Polska no.3:229-241 '60.

1. Z II Kliniki Chorob Dzieciacych AM w Warszawie Kierownik: prof.
dr med. Mieczyslaw Michalowicz Zastepca kierownika: prof. dr med.
Teofila Lewenfisz-Wojnarowska Z Kliniki Dermatologicznej AM w War-
szawie Kierownik: prof. dr med. Stefania Jablonska
(RHEUMATIC FEVER pathol)
(SKIN pathol)

LEWENFISZ-WOJNAROWSKA, Teofila; JABLONSKA, Stefania; ZAORSKA, Barbara

Evaluation of the dynamics of cutaneous changes under the influence of therapy of children with rheumatic disease. *Pediatr.polska* 35 no.9:1061-1074 S '60.

1. Z II Kliniki Pediatricznej A.M. w Warszawie Kierownik: prof. dr med. T.Lewenfisz-Wojnarowska i z Kliniki Dermatologicznej A.M. w Warszawie Kierownik: prof. dr med. S.Jablonska.
(RHEUMATIC EVER ther)
(SKIN physiol)

ZAORSKA, Barbara; KWIATKOWSKA, Wioslawa

Clinical picture of histiocytosis X on the basis of observed cases. Pediat. Pol. 40 no.7:713-720 J1 '65.

1. Z Kliniki Onkologii Dziecięcej Instytutu Matki i Dziecka
(Kierownik: doc. dr. med. J. Bozek; Dyrektor: prof. dr. med.
B. Gornicki).

RADAS, Walentyna; ZAORSKA, Barbara

Mediastinal tumor associated with post-irradiation pneumonia with the presence of hyaline membranes in a 9-year-old boy. *Pediat. Pol.* 40 no.9:995-998 S '65.

1. Z Kliniki Onkologii Dziecięcej (Kierownik: doc. dr. med. J. Bozek) i z Zakładu Anatomii Patologicznej (Kierownik: lek. K. Borowiczowa) Instytutu Matki i Dziecka w Warszawie (Dyrektor: prof. dr. med. B. Gornicki).

ZAORSKA, H.

Tourist biscuits and chocolate bars of full nutritive value. p. 197.
(PRZEMYSŁ SPOŻYWCZY. Vol. 10, no. 5, May 1956, Warszawa, Poland)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC. Vol. 6, No. 12, Dec. 1957.
Uncl.

HELENA ZAORSKA

POLAND / Chemical Technology, Chemical Products and Their
Application. Part 3 - Carbohydrates and Their
Treatment.

H-25

Abs Jour : Ref. Zhur. Khimiya, No 4, 1958, 12736.

Author : Stanislaw Zagrodski, Helena Zaorska.

Inst : Not given

Title : Determination of Calcium Salt Content in Sugar Juices by
Simplified Versenate Method.

Orig Pub : Gaz. cukrown., 1956, 38, No 11, 282 - 284.

Abstract : A simplified method with less reagents. A table of
direct calcium salt contents in mg of CaO per 100°Br for a
rapid determination of the optimum alkalinity of a 2nd sa-
turation juice.

Card 1/1

POLAND / Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and
Their Applications. Carbohydrates and Their
Processing.

H

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, 1959, No 4, 13402.

Author : Zagrodzki, Stanislaw; Dobrzycki, Jan; Zaorska, " Helena.

Inst : Not given.

Title : Investigation of the Functioning of the Continuous-
Process Diffuser Appliance of the "Ol'ye" System.

Orig Pub: Gaz. cukrown., 1958, 40, No 3, 71-77.

Abstract: On the basis of measurements made, the dosage,
course of diffusion, quality of juice (rate,
microbiological evaluation, pH), corrosion of
the apparatus are described. Material and heat
equilibria are cited, as well as data character-
izing the hydraulic resistances. On the whole,

Card 1/2

ZAORSKA, H.; ZACHOLEZKI, S.

Determination of sugar losses in lime cake.
p. 259.

CHEMIA ANALITYCZNA. (Komisja Analityczna Polskiej Akademii Nauk i Naczelna Organizacja Techniczna) Warszawa. Poland. Vol. 4, No. 1, 1959.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 8, August 1959
Uncla.

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|------------|---|--|-------|
| COUNTRY: | : | Poland | 11-26 |
| CATEGORY | : | | |
| ABS. JOUR. | : | BZhim., No. 22 1959, No. | 80027 |
| AUTHOR | : | Zagrodzki, S. and Zatorska, H. | |
| INST. | : | Not given | |
| TITLE | : | The Automatic Regulation of the Carbonation Process | |
| ORIG. PUB. | : | Gaz Cukrown, 61, No 1, 8-11 (1959) | |
| ABSTRACT | : | <p>The authors recommend that the automatic regulation of the first carbonation be carried out in accordance with the pH of the juice to be carbonated. In order to improve the effectiveness of the introduction of automatic controls, it is desirable that the defecation, CO₂ feed, and juice feed be also automatically controlled. Examples of the automation of the first carbonation are given. The authors recommend that the second carbonation be controlled automatically not only in</p> | |
| CARD: | | 1/2 | |

GDR / Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their
Application. (Part 1) Conditioning of Water. Waste Water. H

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 10, 1959, No. 35321

Author : Zagrodzki, Stanislaw; Zaorska, Helena

Inst : Not given

Title : Determination of Low Salt Content in Purified Water for
Boiler Feeding

Orig Pub : Chem. Techn., 1958, 10, No 4, 210-212

Abstract : The flame photometric method, permitting continuous
supervision, is considered as the most promising method.
It is indispensable to ensure a continuous inflow of
the sample and a constant pressure of gas in the burner
when using regular flame photometers with monochromators
or with a corresponding set of light filters. It is
possible to use a preliminary concentration of samples
to increase the sensitivity of measurements. It is shown

Card 1/2

POLAND / Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Application. (Part 1) Conditioning of Water. Waste Water. H

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 10, 1959, No. 35322

Author : Zagrodzki, S.; Zaorska, H.

Inst : Not given

Title : Determination of Low Salt Content in Purified Water for Boiler Feeding

Orig Pub : Przem. spozywozy, 1958, 12, No 8, 318-319

Abstract : No abstract given. A brief account. See preceding abstract No. 35321

Card 1/1

The biological production of lactic acids from molasses, which has been freed from salts. H. Zaborka and S. Zagrodzki (Politechnika Lodz, Poland). *Antonie van Leeuwenhoek* 2, 197-203 (1963). — Molasses freed from salts by electrolysis as a rule had enough Fe^{2+} and Fe^{3+} to serve as the substrate for *Candida guillierii*; if necessary, superphosphate and NH_4NO_3 were added. Approx. 10% of the nitrogen was assimilated

was assimilated into dry yeast. There is about a 10% increase over the growth obtained in undemineralized molasses. It was not necessary to add FeSO_4 , as a rule, because the electrolysis had lowered the pH sufficiently. W. J.

KABAT, Antonin; PACHNER, Petr; ZAORALEK, Jaroslav

Energy output in certain types of work in mines. Pracovní lek
6 no.2:73-87 Ap '54. (REAL 3:8)

1. Z Oddelení hygieny práce a nemoci z povolání KHMŠ v Ostravě,
vedoucí oddelení Dr Petr Pachner.

(ENERGY,

(MINING,

*output by miners)

*energy output by miners)

Z. ZORSKA, Helena

Removal of sugar from the first saturation mud by pure water and by the water from the sugar extraction process. Stanisław Zagrodzki and Helena Zorska. *Gaz. Chemiczna* 57, 177-9 (1955).—The diffusion water from the sugar extn. process brought to pH 10.8-11.0 by the addn. of 0.06% CaO, can be successfully used for the sugar removal from the 1st satn. mud. The sugar exts. obtained were cleaner than in the case of the water extn., although there were no differences in the color of the exts. E. W.

2

ZAORSKA, Helena

Spectrophotometric determination of sodium, potassium, and calcium
as an element of automatic regulation of some sugaring processes.
Wiad chem 16 no.10:629-631 0 '62.

1. Katedra Cukrownictwa i Technologii Srodkow Spozywczych, Politechnika,
Lodz.

ZAORSKA H.

ZAORSKA H. New kinds of dry food rations p. 16
TURYSTA, WARSZAWA, Poland
Vol. 21. No. 12 Dec. 1955

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (FINAL) Vol. 5 No. 6 June 1956

ZGORSKA HELENA

7

7/11/47

ZADRSKA, H.

14800

03731

2

"Laboratoryne badania nad koncentracją sorwatku" Przemysł

Experiments to determine the relation between viscosity and the amount of dry substances. The investigations were also concerned with the rise in boiling point, heat transfer coefficient, and rate of increase of deposit on heating surfaces in relation to the content of dry substances. It was established that the heat coefficient increases in relation to the thickness of the sediment. It was also established that after evaporation of 1600 litres of whey from each square metre of the heating surface, the losses from the surface are considerable. It was found that a large amount of whey is lost from the surface, which is trapped by the vapours. It was shown that in a vacuum still, the evaporation increases the degree of concentration of the whey and reduces the loss to a minimum. When evaporated slowly and at a high temperature gives a dark concentrate; the sediment is inferior and the yield is reduced. Rapid concentration of whey at a temperature of 70°C gives white lactose and a good yield.

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2400 KA HELENA

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Zaorska, H.

POLAND / Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Application. Food Industry. I-30

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 3, 1957, No 10366

Author : Zagrodski, S. and Zaorska, H.

Inst : Not given

Title : Laboratory Experiments on the Coagulation of Milk Serum

Orig Pub : Przem. spozywczy, 1956, Vol 10, No 3, 121-125

Abstract : The effect of the solids content of milk serum on the viscosity, boiling point increase, and coefficient of thermal conductivity has been investigated. The experiments have confirmed the dependence of the increase in the boiling point on the thickness of the deposit on the heating surfaces. It has been established that after the coagulation of 1,600 litres of serum per m^2 of heating surface, a four-fold reduction in the heat conductivity is observed. Strong

Card : 1/2

POLAND / Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Ap- I-30
plication. Food Industry.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 3, 1957, No 10366

Abstract : foaming of the serum leads to large milk sugar losses.
Small changes in the vacuum likewise increase the sugar losses. The slow coagulation of milk serum at elevated temperatures yields a dark milk sugar of low quality and in small yields. The rapid coagulation of the serum at 70° yields a white milk sugar in high yield.

Card : 2/2

ZACHRYTA, H.

Draft of the automatic regulation of the 2d saturation in sugar factories. p, 93.

ROZNIKI TECHNOLOGII I CHEMII ZYWNOSCI. ANNALS OF FOOD TECHNOLOGY AND CHEMISTRY.
(Polska Akademia Nauk. Komitet Technologii i Chemii Zywosci) Warszawa,
Poland. Vol. 3, 1958.

Monthly List of East European accession (EAI), LC. Vol. 8, No. 9, September,
1959. Uncl.

ZAGRODZKI, Stanislaw; ZAORSKA, Helena

Separation of non-sugars from molasses by means of ion exchangers.
Rocz tech chem zywn 8:5-18 '61.

1. Katedra Cukrownictwa i Technologii Srodkow Spozywczych,
Politechnika, Lodz. Kierownik: prof.dr.Stanislaw Zagrodzki..

ZAGRODZKI, Stanislaw; ZAORSKA, Helena

Production of potash and fodder concentrates from molasses glops
by means of ion exchangers. Roczn. tech. chem. zyw. 8:141-160 '61.

1. Katedra Cukrownictwa i Technologii Srodkow Spozywczych,
Politechnika, Lodz. Kierownik Katedry: prof.dr. Stanislaw
Zagrodzki.

JEDRZEJEWSKI, Roman; ZAORSKI, Andrzej

So-called idiopathic hypoproteinemia. Pol. tygod. lek. 19 no.42:
1617-1618 19 0 '64

1. Z I Kliniki Chirurgicznej Akademii Medycznej w Warszawie
(kierownik: prof. dr. med. J. Nielubowicz).

ZAORSKAYA, Ye.

ZAGRODSKIY, S.; ZAORSKAYA, Ye.

Complexometric analysis for determining calcium salts in sugar
juices. Sakh.prom. 30 no.9:61-62 S '56. (MIRA 10:3)

1. Kafedra sakharovareniya i pishchevykh proizvodstv Lodzinskogo
politekhnikuma (Pol'sha)
(Calcium salts) (Sugar--Analysis and testing)

ZAORSKI, Andrzej

Colonic diverticulitis and diverticulosis. Pol. tyg. lek. 19
no. 40:1531-1533 5 0 '64

1. Z I Kliniki Chorob Chirurgicznych Akademii Medycznej w War-
szawie (Kierownik: prof. dr. med. Jan Nielubowicz).

ZAORSKI, Andrzej

Cancer of the duodenum. Pol. tyg. lek. 19 no.22:842-843
25 My'64

1. Z I Kliniki Chirurgicznej Akademii Medycznej w Warszawie;
kierownik: prof. dr.med. Jan Nielubowicz.

ZUREK, Witold; ZAORSKI, Michal; STANISZKIS, Olgierd; NISKIEWICZ, Jan

Studies on the laboratory method of determining the yield
of scoured wool. Przegl włokien 18 no.1:5-10 Ja'64

ZAORSKI, M.

A needle aggregate for the production of superfine pile fabrics.
Przepl włokien 15 no. 5:301-302 My '62.

ZADORSKI, M.

3581

677.019 : 677.31 : 332.6

Zadorski M. Principles of Rational Classification of Wool on the Basis of Technological Fitness. *MT*

"Zasady racjonalnej klasyfikacji wełny na podstawie jej przydatności technologicznej". (Prace Inst. Włókn. No. 13), Warszawa, 1954, WPLIS, 9 pp., 6 tabs.

Wool classification criteria and the problems of a standard international classification are discussed in such a way as to demonstrate the necessity of producing a uniform classification system. Adopted as a basic criterion was the suitability of the wool for producing by a given system yarn of a number typical for the thickness, length of the fibre. After an analysis of the better known classification systems, and the results of author's own investigations over the appropriate properties of the fibre, a new classification system meeting the requirements of Polish mills was produced. This is based on the relative indexes of 12 and 4 thickness-assessments of uniform and mixed wool respectively, these being divided again into particular spinning classes.

Zaorski, M.

3588

67L31.021/022(51)

Burno S., Neubart S., Waslak F., Zaorski M. Characteristics and Technology of Spinning Sining-Type Chinese Wool by Combing and Carding Methods. *MT*

"Charakterystyka i technologia przędzenia sposobem czesankowym i kęrzebnym wełny chińskiej typu Sining". (Prace Inst. Włókien., No. 13), Warszawa, 1954, WPI-15, 9, pp. 3 figs., 35 tabs.

Studies were carried out to determine the spinning properties of Sining type Chinese wool. Organotechnical and laboratorial evaluation of the wool served as a basis for the elaboration of mixtures and spinning plans. Results of tests have demonstrated that Sining wool admixed with artificial fibres is fit for spinning by the English combing method up to No. 48/2, and without admixture up to No. 35/2. The results are better than those obtained abroad. It was established that by the carding method yarns Nos. 6.5, — 14, for the production of overcoat-fabrics and blankets, can be obtained from Sining wool admixed with other fibres.

(3)

ZUREK, Witold, dr. ing. (Lengyelország); ZAORSKI, Michal, dipl. ing.
(Lengyelország)

Technological marking of wool classes. Magy textil 15 no.5/6:
227-229 My-Je '63.

ZAORSKI, Remigiusz, prof.-dr.

The role of the Maritime Institute and the organization of Polish
sciences. Tech gosp morska 10 no.9:259-261 S '60. (EEAI 10:3)
(Poland--Merchant marine)

TURENSCHI, E.; MITITELU, D.; PASCAL, P.; TOMA, M.; ZANOSCHI, V.

New contributions to the flora of Moldavia. Studii biol agr
Iasi 14 no.2:269-273 '63.

ZAOS'TROVSKAYA, Yelizaveta Nikolayevna, kand.sel'skokhoz.nauk; TAIROVA,
V.N., red.; DEYEVA, V.M., tekhn.red.

[Storage of vegetables] Khranenie ovoshchei. Moskva, Izd-vo
sel'khoz.lit-ry, zhurnalov i plakatov, 1962. 159 p.
(MIRA 15:5)

(Vegetables--Storage)

ZAOZERSKAYA, Yelizaveta Ivanovna; YUKHT, A.I., red.izd-va; RYLINA, Yu.V.,
tekhn.red.

[Labor force and class struggle in Russian textile factories from
1720 through the 1760's] Rabochaya sila i klassovaya bor'ba na
tekstil'nykh manufakturakh Rossii v 20-60 gg. XVIII v. Moskva,
Izd-vo Akad.nauk SSSR, 1960. 448 p. (MIRA 14:3)
(Textile industry)

KITAYEV, B.I., professor, doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk; KOKAREV, N.I., dotsent, kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; ZAOSTROVSKIY, F.P., dotsent, kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; ZAMOTAYEV, S.P., inzhener; CHIKIL'DIN, A.A., inzhener; MOROZOV, N.A., inzhener; LEVIN, L.I., inzhener.

Prolonging the life and improving the performance of Martin furnace regenerators. Trudy Ural.politekh.inst. no.53:42-55 '55.

(MLA 9:5)

(Open-hearth furnaces)